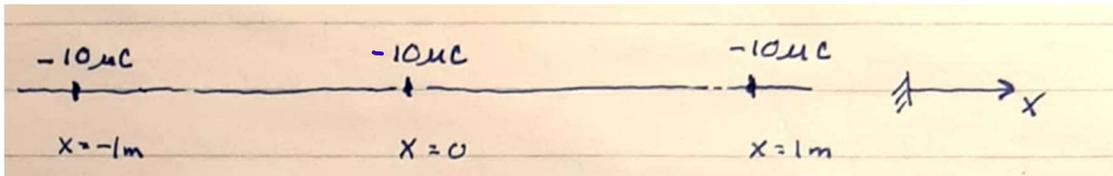


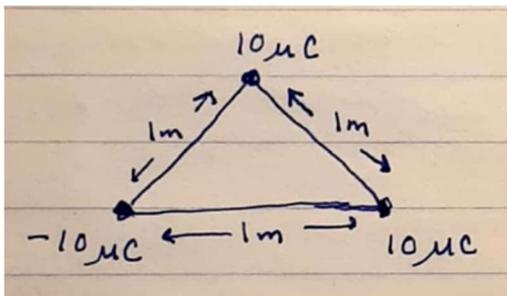
Homework 5

Due Friday, February 25

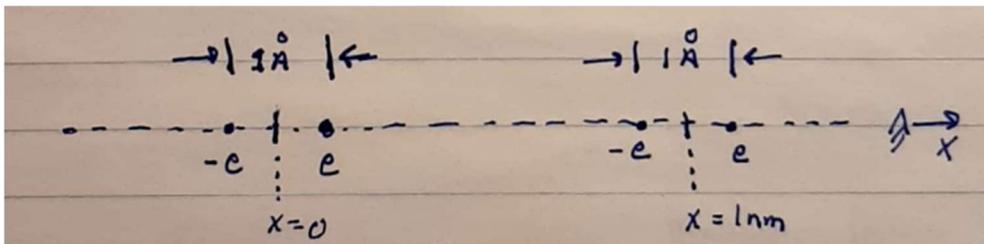
- 1) Three point charges are arranged in fixed positions on the x axis. A charge of $-10\mu\text{C}$ is located at the origin. A second charge of $-10\mu\text{C}$ is located at $x=-1$ meter. A third charge of $-10\mu\text{C}$ is located at $x=1$ meter. Find all of the points x between -1 m and 1 m where a positive charge $Q = 20\mu\text{C}$ can be located so that it is in stable equilibrium (experiencing no net force from the other three charges - and forced back to x if nudged to either the right or the left).



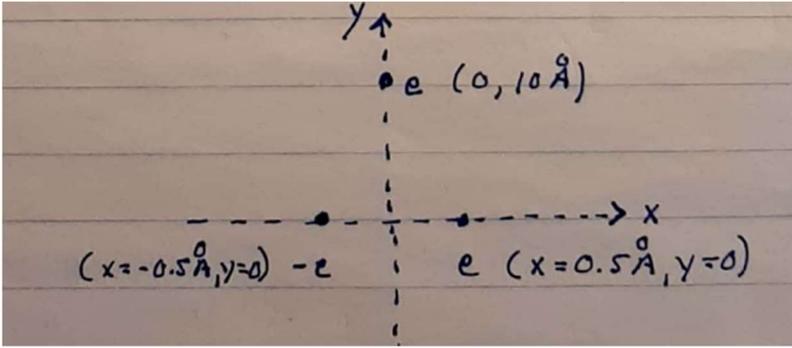
- 2) Three point charges are respectively located at the three vertices of an equilateral triangle with sides of length 1 meter. Two of the charges are $10\mu\text{C}$, and the third charge is $-10\mu\text{C}$. What is the magnitude of the force on one of the two $10\mu\text{C}$ charges by the other two?



- 3) A neutral molecule has a dipole moment of 5 Debye ($1.6\text{E}-29$ Cm) pointing in the x direction. It can be modeled as two charges $+e$ and $-e$ located on the x axis at $x=0$, separated from one another by $1\text{E}-10$ meters (1 angstroms). A second molecule with a 5 D dipole that is aligned in the same direction as the first is located along the x axis at $x=1$ nm ($1\text{ nm} = 1\text{E}-9$ m). What is the force of attraction between the two molecules?



- 4) Just as in problem 3 above, a neutral molecule has a dipole moment of 5 Debyes ($1.6\text{E}-29$ Cm) pointing in the x direction. It can be modeled as two charges $+e$ and $-e$ separated from one another by $1\text{E}-10$ meters (1 angstrom), straddling the origin along the x axis, at $x=0$. An electron is located on the y axis at $y=10$ angstroms. What is the force (both magnitude and direction) on the electron by the dipole?



- 5) A uniformly charged ring lies in the xy plane. The radius of the ring is 1 m, and the total charge on the ring is 10 micro Coulombs. Suppose that a 10 micro Coulomb point charge is located on the z axis (passing through the center of the ring) and some arbitrary height z . Use the computer to make a graph showing the force on the point charge by the ring as a function of z . At what point does the force reach a maximum?

